

Ezra & Nehemiah

Joseph to the Exiles

Lesson 2

1. Jacob was partial to _____ and _____ because they were the sons of _____. This created a great deal of jealousy among the other brothers.
2. Joseph's "coat of many colors" actually translates to a _____ that reached to the hands and feet or a long _____. This type of garment was worn by a _____.
3. When Joseph came to check on his brothers they plotted to kill him. His oldest brother _____ heard the plans and convinces his brothers to throw him in a pit. _____ planned to come back later and _____.
4. In the meantime his brothers saw a caravan of _____ merchants traveling to _____ with spices, balm and myrrh on their camels. _____ convinced his brothers to _____ their brother to the _____. They sold him for 20 pieces of silver.
5. The brothers devised a plan to tell their father that Joseph had been _____ by an _____ and they soaked his coat in the blood of an animal they had killed. Jacob was _____.
6. Joseph was _____ to Potiphar who was an officer for _____. Potiphar's _____ tried to seduce Joseph and when he resisted and ran she accused him of trying to _____ her. Potiphar put Joseph into the _____ where Pharaoh's prisoners were kept.
7. Joseph conducted himself well and the keeper of the _____ put him in charge of the other _____. One day the _____ and the _____ were thrown into the prison. One night they both had _____. Joseph interpreted the _____ for them and they both came to pass just as he said.
8. Pharaoh had two _____ two years after the _____ was returned to his position. None of the _____ could interpret the _____ so the butler told Pharaoh about Joseph. Pharaoh called for Joseph and he told Pharaoh that the _____ both meant the same thing. They mean that there would be _____ years of plenty and then there would be _____ years of famine. He recommended that Pharaoh find someone wise to be in charge of the crops during the _____ years of plenty so that they could survive the _____ years of famine. Pharaoh chose _____ to be in charge of the crops and he was 2nd only to Pharaoh.
9. There was famine in the land of _____ as well. _____ heard that there was corn in _____ so he sent _____ of his sons to buy grain for the family. Joseph was the one who sold them the grain. He accused them of being _____ and threw them in _____ for _____ days. They told him they were 12 brothers and the youngest was at home with their father there was one who was no more.

10. At the end of the _____ days Joseph said he would keep one brother as a prisoner until they returned with the youngest brother. _____, the second oldest brother, was put in prison until they returned.
11. On the way home when they opened their bags to feed the animals they found their _____ in the top of their sacks.
12. When the grain was gone _____ told them to go back and take twice the money to buy grain again. The brothers insisted on taking _____ with them this time. _____ (as he is now being referred to) very reluctantly let him go with them. Reuben and Judah promised to keep him safe and _____ even pledged his own 2 sons' lives if he didn't bring _____ back safely. _____ said he would bear the blame if they didn't return Benjamin home safely.
13. Joseph had them taken to his _____. He had them arranged by their _____ around the table. He gave Benjamin _____ times the amount of food that he gave the others.
14. Joseph commanded the men to fill their sacks very full and put their money back in the sacks, but to put his own _____ in the sack of _____. Shortly after they left Joseph sent his steward after them and found Joseph's cup in _____.
15. The brothers were beside themselves with _____ and even tore their clothes. Judah approached Joseph and told him their father would _____ if they returned home without _____. He told how their father had _____ over the loss of his other son and this would be the death of their father. He begged Joseph to take him instead of his brother.
16. _____ revealed who he is to his brothers and told them to go home and bring his father and all of their families back to _____ so that he could care for them.

"And God sent me before you to preserve you a posterity in the earth and save your lives by a great deliverance." Genesis 45:7

"But as for you, ye thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. " Genesis 50:20

17. The children of Israel lived in _____ for _____ years and then they became slaves to the new Pharaoh who was afraid they would overtake them because of their size and power. He began to _____ the baby _____. Moses was preserved by his mother putting him in a basket in the _____ River. Pharaoh's daughter found him and raised him in the _____ as a _____.
18. Moses eventually led the children of _____ out of _____. What should have been a relatively short journey took _____ years to accomplish.
19. _____ led the children of Israel into the land of Canaan after the death of _____. They fought many battles to occupy the land.
20. The Israelites were governed by _____ for many years. They began to tire of this type of government and asked _____ for a _____ like the other nations around them.

21. Samuel anointed _____ as the first King of Israel.
22. _____ became the second King of Israel.
23. _____ became the third King of Israel.
24. _____ built the temple in Jerusalem. God wouldn't allow _____ to build the temple because he was a man of war.
25. When _____ finished building the temple and they dedicated it the glory of the Lord filled the temple so that the _____ were unable to enter the house of the Lord.

"Now when Solomon had finished praying, fire came down from heaven and consumed the burnt offering and the sacrifices; and the glory of the Lord filled the house.

And the priests could not enter into the house of the Lord, because of the glory of the Lord filled the Lord's house." 2 Chronicles 7:1-2

26. There was _____ during the reign of Solomon but at the end of his reign, the nation was divided into 2 nations. The Northern Nation was called _____ and consisted of ____ tribes. The Southern Nation was called _____ and consisted of _____ tribes, _____ and _____. Solomon reigned 40 years over Israel. He married many foreign wives and they turned his heart away from God.

"So the Lord said to Solomon, 'Because you have done this, and you have not kept my covenant and my statutes, which have commanded you, I will surely tear the kingdom from you, and will give it to your servant.

Nevertheless I will not do it in your days for the sake of your father David, but I will tear it out of the hand of your son.

However, I will not tear away all of the kingdom, but I will give one tribe to your son for the sake of My servant David and for the sake of Jerusalem which I have chosen." 1 Kings 11:11-13

27. Solomon's son, _____ became king after him. The people asked him to lighten the load that Solomon had put on them, but _____ said he would make it _____. The nation rebelled and the nation was _____. _____ became the King of the Northern Kingdom of Israel.
28. Jeroboam was afraid that if the Kingdom of _____ returned to _____ to worship and sacrifice they would return to the Kingdom of _____ so he built 2 _____ for them to worship. Every single King of Israel (Northern Kingdom) was _____. They continued as a nation for ____ years at which time the _____ Empire conquered them and scattered them among the _____ people. They became what we know as the _____ tribes of Israel.
29. The Kingdom of Judah (Southern Kingdom) had a mixture of _____ and _____ kings. They existed as a nation for _____ years.
30. There were ____ sieges against Jerusalem by _____. The first was in _____ BC. Daniel was probably taken captive during this first siege.

31. The second siege was in _____ BC and Nebuchadnezzar took 10,000 more exiles. He took 7,000 men of valor, 1,000 craftsmen and smiths and 2,000 men who were strong and fit for war.
32. The _____ and final siege was in _____ BC and he destroyed the _____ and burned it and all of _____.